

Jude 7

"just as Sodom and Gomorrah and the cities around them, since they in the same way as these indulged in gross immorality and went after strange flesh, are exhibited as an example in undergoing the punishment of eternal fire."

Jonathan Edwards

"God is as angry with *sinners* as He is with those miserable creatures He is *now* tormenting in hell, and who at this very moment - do feel and bear the fierceness of His wrath."

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What does the Scripture really say about the final judgment and HELL?

Are all of these popular views of hell true?

- Hellfire is real and exists now.
- At death, we go either to glory or the lake of fire.
- Hell is endless, conscious, punishment in body and soul by fire for all who do not know Christ.

Hell is not popular but it is clearly explained in the Bible.

- Hell glorifies a holy loving God.
 - Hell will always coexist with heaven.

Consideration #1

The final judgment in Scripture is often linked to works not faith.

2 Corinthians 5:10

"For we must all appear before the judgment seat of Christ, that each one may be recompensed for his deeds in the body, according to what he has done, whether good or bad."

Romans 2:6

"(God) will render to every man according to his deeds:"

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Revelation 20 The Final Judgement

"11 And I saw a great white throne, and him that sat on it, from whose face the earth and the heaven fled away; and there was found no place for them. 12 And I saw the dead, small and great, stand before God; and the books were opened: and another book was opened, which is the book of life: and the dead were judged out of those things which were written in the books, according to their works. 13 And the sea gave up the dead, which were in it; and death and Hades delivered up the dead, which were in them: and they were judged every man according to their works. 14 And death and hell (Hades) were cast into the lake of fire. This is the second death. 15 And whosoever was not found written in the book of life was cast into the lake of fire."

Consideration #2

Hell, as commonly understood, does not yet exist.

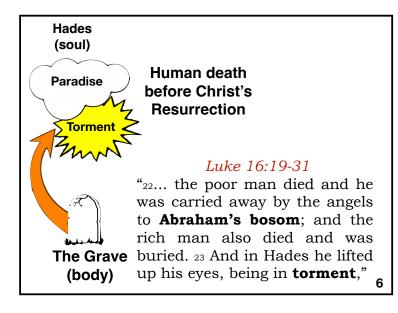


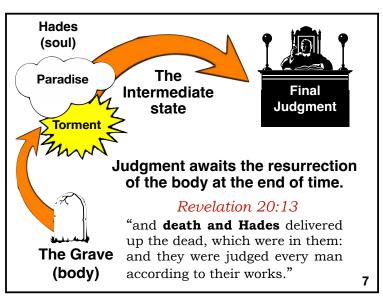
Sheol / Hades is the general abode of the souls of the dead. It is an obscure, shadowy place of futility. In the N.T. it includes Paradise.

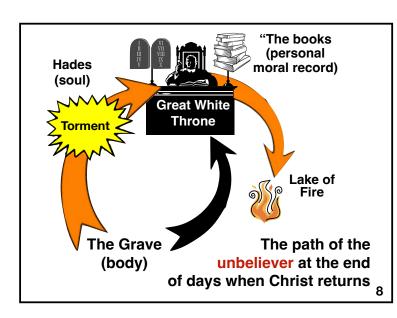


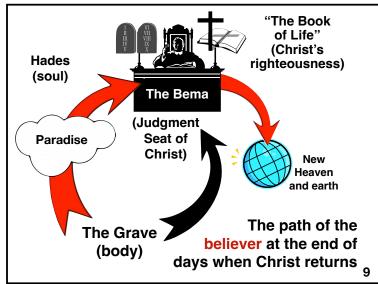
Gehenna is the place of future eternal punishment of the wicked, the lake of fire (a burial pit outside Jerusalem).

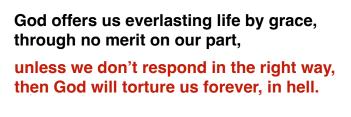
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God loves us because God is love.



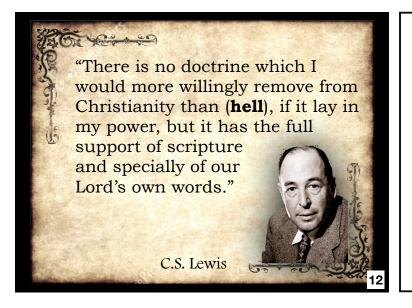
Can we realistically ask and expect modern people to love, worship, and follow that kind of God?

It's not the idea of punishment that's in question

but the issue of proportional, perpetual, punishment for the glory of a God of LOVE.

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Consideration #3

Christians have held differing views of the Biblical doctrine of HELL.

Metaphor

 fire and brimstone are metaphors of total isolation from God (peace, justice, grace, love, etc.)

Annihilationism - Conditional Immortality

 only believers are granted immortality (eternal life).
The unbeliever is eventually annihilated after a period of torment. Clark Pinnock, John Stott, Philip Hughes, & C.S Lewis.

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John Stott "I find the concept (the popular view of hell) intolerable and do not understand how people can live with it without either cauterizing their feelings or cracking under the strain."

Essentials p.314

Clark Pinnock "I conclude that the traditional belief that God makes the wicked suffer in an unending conscious torment in hell is unbiblical, is fostered by a hellenistic view of human nature, is detrimental to the character of God, and is being rejected by a growing number of biblically faithful, contemporary scholars."

Four Views of Hell p.165

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Consideration #4

The true literary sense of a text is sometimes metaphor.

- 1. **Jesus' teaching is rich with metaphor -** "if your eye offend you, cut it out", etc.
- 2. Teaching on "last things" (heaven, hell, etc) is rich in metaphor towered cities, streets of gold, etc.
- 3. **Literal meanings create nonsense -** fire / outer darkness, gnashing teeth.
- 4. **Eternal (aion) -** can have the meaning of "extended but not necessarily unending time."

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Consideration #5

The Bible often uses annihilation terminology for hell.

- Is hell a part of the ultimate end of God's perfect plan at the end of time?
- The N.T. indicates that only God is immortal (1 Tim.2:12-16) and those who are raised in Christ (1 Cor.15:51-55).
- If only God is immortal, what does this suggest about those who are outside the Body of Christ?
- Is the idea of universal human immortality a Greek philosophical idea adopted by the early church?

1 Corinthians 15:53

"For this perishable must put on the **imperishable**, and this mortal must put on **immortality**."

1 *Timothy* 6:16

"(Lord of lords) **who alone possesses immortality** and dwells in unapproachable light."

Romans 2:7

"to those who by perseverance in doing good seek for glory and honor and **immorality**, eternal life."

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Psalm 37:38

"Transgressors will be altogether destroyed."

Matthew10:28

"fear Him who is able to **destroy** both soul and body in hell."

2 Thessalonians1:9

"the penalty of **eternal destruction**, away from the presence of the Lord"

Matthew 3:12

"burning up the chaff with unquenchable fire"

John 3:16

"whoever believes in him shall not **perish**, but have eternal life."

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Consideration #6

Eternity is best understood as a timeless state of being.

2 Corinthians 4:18

"while we look not at the things which are seen, but at the things which are not seen, for the things which are seen are **temporal** but the things which are not seen are **eternal**."

- The eternal are contrasted with the temporal (limited by time).
- The eternal can be understood not as never ending time (an endless series of years) but as timeless.

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Psalm 78:69

"the earth which is founded **forever**"

2 Peter 3:10

"the earth and its works will be burned up"

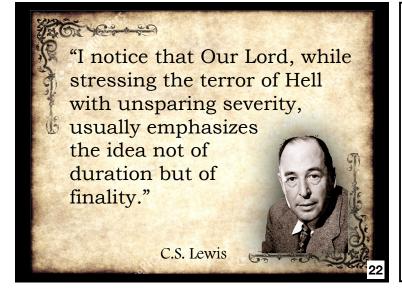
Romans 16:25

"according to the revelation of the mystery which has been kept secret for long **ages** (eternity) past,"

- The Law of Moses was to be an "everlasting covenant" (Lev.24:8 yet we read in the New Covenant the first was "done away" and "abolished" (2 Cor.3:11,13), and God "made the first old" (Heb.8:13).
- Sodom's fiery judgment is "eternal" (Jude 7) until God "will restore the fortunes of Sodom" (Ezek.16:53-55).
- Eternal punishment is not rehabilitation but punishment - possibly capital punishment?

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HELL - some tentative conclusions

- Hell is real Hell is a necessary corollary to God's holiness, and human free choice.
- Limited insight The details about Hell are not as clear as we might like. 1 Cor. 13:12
- Literary meaning The Biblical vocabulary of heaven and hell are often metaphoric.
- Separation from God Hell is not a place that anyone will want to go although many will choose it.
- Eternality Hell is not defined by time so much as experience.

So what do I think hell will be like?

THE absence of God and His glory!

- The torment of isolation It will be an existence where those who are formed in the image of God will find themselves completely displaced, alone, and without a point of meaningful reference.
- The terror of hopelessness It will be a place of ultimate despair where there is no possibility of relief, or rescue.
- The trauma of ultimate discomfort It will be an experience where body and soul are trapped in a context of unimagined, inexplicable trauma.
- The termination of life I will not be surprised to learn that it might end in annihilation as the "second death."

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Four Views on HELL

Zondervan

Stanley N. Gundry (series editor) **Counterpoints**

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